

## 2º E

In the year 710 in the Iberian Peninsula, Rodrigo came to the throne of the Visigothic Kingdom after killing the previous King. A group of nobles decided to call the muslims for military help to depose Rodrigo.

The emir of North Africa, Musa, sent an army of berbers led by Tariq. Then Rodrigo with his own army went to confront the muslims in the Battle of Guadalete. During the battle, some visigothic nobles betrayed Rodrigo and left the battle; because of that Rodrigo died and his army was defeated.

After the battle, the muslims continue conquering the Iberian Peninsula, with the help of a powerful army led by the Emir Musa. They reached Toledo and in less than three years they controlled almost the whole of the Iberian Peninsula, except the mountainous areas in the north west.

There the muslims found resistance and they fought against the astures, led by Pelayo, in the battle of Covadonga (722). The muslim army was defeated and expelled from the region. The muslims left the zone and advanced to the north, crossing the Pyrenees, but they had to return after being expelled by the Franks (Battle of Poitiers, 732). After that, they returned to the Iberian Peninsula and started to organize their new territories.

## 2º C

In the year 710, the Visigothic Kingdom was suffering a civil war. When the noble Rodrigo was appointed as the King, a minority of visigothic nobles who supported his enemy, Achilla, looked for the military help of the muslims to depose Rodrigo.

The north-african emir Musa sent a berber army lead by Tariq. When the muslims entered in the Iberian Peninsula, Rodrigo went to confront them with the visigothic army, composed by both loyal and traitor nobles. During the battle of Guadalete (711), a great part of his army betrayed him and he was killed and defeated.

After the battle, Musa landed in the Iberian Peninsula with a new army. The muslims conquered Toledo and in less than three years they controlled almost the whole of the Iberian Peninsula, except the mountainous areas in the north-west.

Due to the resistance they found there they couldn't conquer it. The muslims were expelled by the astures (led by Pelayo) after the battle of Covadonga (722). The muslims left the region and crossed the Pyrenees, where they were defeated by the Franks in the battle of Poitiers (732). After that, they returned to the Iberian Peninsula and started to organize their new territories .

## **2º A**

In 710 in the Iberian Peninsula, Rodrigo was crowned as the King in the Visigothic Kingdom, creating a civil war. A group of nobles that supported another King ask the north-african muslims for military help to depose Rodrigo.

The emir Musa sent an army of berbers, led by Tariq, to fight against Rodrigo. Tariq landed in Gibraltar and Rodrigo lead an army to confront them in the battle of Guadalete (711). The visigothic army was composed by loyal and traitor nobles that changed sides and betrayed Rodrigo. Rodrigo was killed and his army defeated.

Musa joined Tariq with a new army of berbers and arabs and they started to conquered the Peninsula. They could controlled Toledo and almost the whole of the Iberian Peninsula in less than three years, except the mountainous areas of the north-west.

There they fought against the astures, led by Pelayo, in the battle of Covadonga (722). They were defeated and left the region, so crossed the Pyrinees and raided the Frankish Kingdom. They were defeated in the battle of Poitiers (732) and returned to the Iberian Peninsula to organised their new territories.

## **2º B**

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Rodrigo's visigoth enemies changed sides during the battle, so Rodrigo was defeated and finally died.

After the battle, the muslims could conquered the capital, Toledo, and the rest of the Iberian Peninsula, except the mountainous areas in the north-west. They tried to conquered this area but they found an organised resistance and had to fight against the astures, led by Pelayo, in the battle of Covadonga (722).

The muslims were defeated and left the region, so they crossed the Pyrinees and fight against the Franks in the battle of Poitiers (732). The Franks defeated them and the muslims went back to the Iberian Peninsula to organised their new territories.